

2016 Water Efficiency Plan update

Protecting the water we depend on

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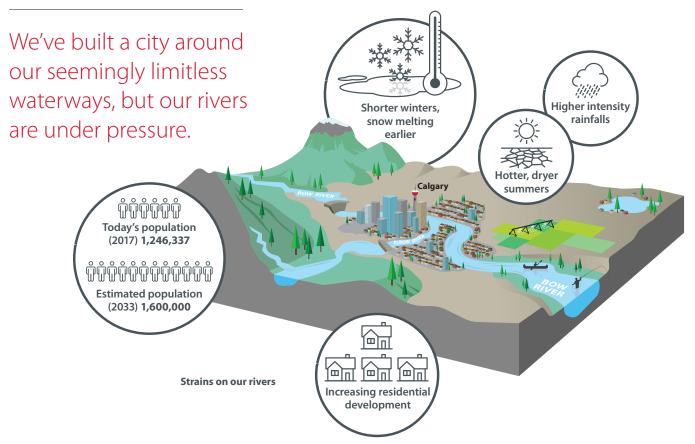
In Calgary's semi-arid mountain climate, we rely on the Bow and Elbow rivers for drinking water, recreation and places to connect with nature and each other. Our regional neighbours upstream and downstream count on these rivers too, as do the thousands of fish and wildlife that depend on water for life.

Calgary's rivers are strained by a growing population in and around the city, increasing development, a changing climate of shifting rain and snowfall patterns and increasing periods of hot, dry weather and drought.

Calgarians have been working hard to protect our rivers by using and wasting less water. While we've made great progress, there is still work ahead. This plan celebrates our achievements, and describes the challenges ahead, sharing what each of us can do to protect the rivers that make it possible to call this place home.

From the snow-capped Rockies to the west, vast prairies to the east, and the turquoise rivers winding through, Calgary is a place like no other. Thanks to our semi-arid climate, we are one of sunniest cities in Canada, but we also have some of the most extreme weather too: intense rainfalls deliver much of our rain all at once, snow often disappears with Chinook winds, and our summers are increasingly hot and dry. Living within these extremes requires resilience – be it plants, people or rivers.

Calgary – its landscape, people and character – is unlike anywhere else.



Calgary has evolved around the confluence of two rivers – the Bow and Elbow.

We depend on our rivers to provide a stable supply of drinking water for more than 1.2 million people living in the Calgary region and the businesses that operate here – a number that continues to climb.

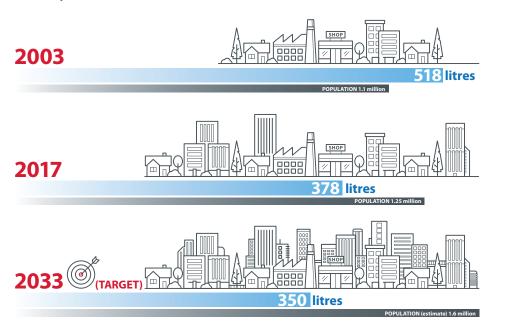
Despite the rising demands for water within Calgary and the region and growth of those communities upstream and downstream of our city, our water supply stays the same. The amount of water we can withdraw from our rivers must remain below 2003 baseline levels of 212.5 billion litres. In addition to water demand, our rivers are faced with greater volumes of stormwater runoff, carrying more sediment and contaminants and increasingly frequent periods of intense drought and flood brought on by a changing climate.

Leading Calgary: 30-in-30 Water Efficiency Plan

Just over a decade ago, we were using more water per person than many other cities in the world.

Our booming population and rapid economic growth placed heavy demands on our water supply, and in 2003, Calgarians were using 518 liters per person, per day, compared to an average Canadian who was using 335 liters per day.

Committed to protecting our water supply, The City developed and approved the 30-in-30 Water Efficiency Plan in 2005 and set the stage for long-term sustainable water management. Our goal is to hold withdrawals from the river steady at 2003 levels, even with population growth. To do this, the plan charted a path of programs and initiatives to reduce water consumption by 30 per cent over 30 years.



Total water used by community = water used by residents, businesses and institutions, as well as water lost through leaks, unaccounted for, or not billed. This total is then divided by the number of people living in Calgary.

Total water use by the community, per person, per day

What is peak day demand and why does it matter?

As the population increases, and our climate experiences shorter winters and hotter, dryer summers, ensuring a stable supply of water for Calgarians, regional communities and those downstream and upstream of our city means we need to pay close attention to our peak day demand.

Peak day demand, which is the day each year that Calgary uses the most water, typically occurs in July or August when we experience a few consecutive days of dry and hot weather. On our peak day, our water usage jumps by 30 to 40 per cent. Meeting this sharp rise in demand each year means The City must develop our treatment, storage and distribution infrastructure to meet our current and future projected consumption needs.

And with the help of Calgarians at the end of 2017, we're on track to reach our goal of 350 litres per person per day. But our work is not done. There is more that we can do to protect our water resources by using and wasting less water.

Calgarians have a deep connection with our rivers. We depend on them for safe, clean drinking water. As special places to spend time with friends and family, our rivers bring us together and help connect us with nature and each other. And there's no doubt that Calgarians are up for the challenge if it means protecting what matters.

It helps keep our rivers healthy. Using and wasting less water reduces the amount of water that we are removing from our rivers. It also minimizes the wasted water that runs off our properties, driveways and roads, carrying contaminants and sediment directly to our waterways. And, it supports the diversity of plants and animals that rely on our rivers for life.

It saves money on treating and delivering water. Treating and delivering water to homes and businesses is an intensive process. Using and wasting less water means we save money on this proces which also helps delay the need for costly infrastructure expansion projects.

Our rivers – and the security of safe, clean drinking water – matter to Calgarians. Water efficiency helps protect what matters most.



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81%

Infrastructure

investments

Water conservation achievements

It increases our resiliency to climate change. We will increasingly experience longer and deeper periods of drought as average temperatures increase and precipitation patterns change. Making water efficiency a way of life can help make sure drought is less disruptive to our homes and businesses.

It helps ensure our regional and downstream neighbours have enough. We aren't the only ones depending on our rivers for drinking water – we share these precious resources with regional customers like Airdrie, Chestermere, Strathmore and T'suu Tina, as well as downstream communities including Medicine Hat and Saskatoon.

The City of Calgary provides clean, safe drinking water to meet the needs of a diverse customer base including residents, businesses, institutions and regional customers (Airdrie, Chestermere, Strathmore and T'suu Tina).

In Calgary, residential customers make the vast majority of water users and account for 58 per cent of water demand. Businesses, while only making up about 5 per cent of the total water customers in the city, use 32 per cent of the water. The remaining 10 per cent is distributed to regional customers or used by The City in its operations. We all have a part to play: The City, residents and businesses.



Water demand by customer





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Regional customers

58% Residential

32% Businesses



With our rivers under increasing strain, it's clear that all we all have a role to play in water efficiency.

Calgarians have been steadily reducing water use since 2005, each doing their part to meet our 30-in-30 goal. Nearly 100,000 water-guzzling toilets have been replaced with high-efficiency models through water efficiency programs, water main leaks and breaks are proactively discovered and repaired by City workers, and changes to the Water Utility Bylaw have made water-efficient technology a part of what we do. While we've made significant water conservation achievements and infrastructure improvements, there is more work to be done. We – The City, residents and businesses – must make decisions each day to use and waste less water both indoors and outdoors.

From installing high-efficiency fixtures, to checking for and fixing leaks indoors, to using efficient watering tools that keep water low and slow, to avoid overwatering outside, we can work together to sustain our precious water resources.

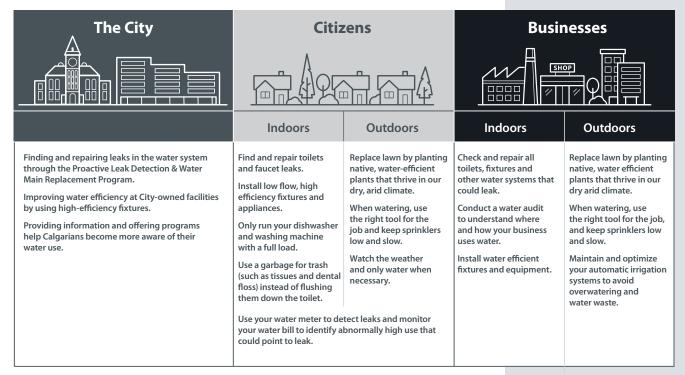
The road ahead

In the face of the pressures brought on by a changing climate and a growing city, water efficiency helps keep our rivers – and our community – healthy and resilient, something we know Calgarians care about.

The 2016 Water Efficiency Plan Update reaffirms The City's commitment to protecting our water supply and identifies actions all water users can take to ensure we're always choosing solutions that use and waste less water.

In focus: Water reclaimed at the ENMAX Shepard Energy Centre

Located in southeast Calgary, the Shepard Energy Centre is Alberta's largest natural gasfuelled power facility. Instead of relying on potable water, Shepard uses reclaimed water for power production, piping it from The City's Bonnybrook Wastewater **Treatment Plant through** more than 14 kilometres of underground pipes. At full capacity, the cooling towers use approximately 14 million litres of reclaimed water daily.



Actions we can take to conserve water

